

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HEALTH

Adolescent Development Explained: Emotional Changes

Webinar Thursday, September 19, 2019



Welcome

• Diane Foley, M.D., FAAP, Deputy Assistant Secretary, Office of Population Affairs

Speakers:

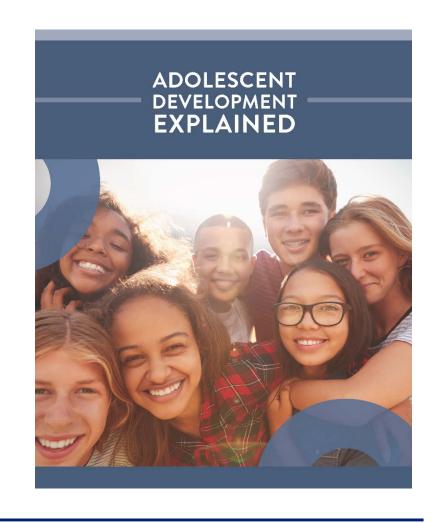
- Tamar Mendelson, Ph.D., Bloomberg professor of American Health and director of the Center for Adolescent Health at the Johns Hopkins University Bloomberg School of Public Health
- Maria Veronica Svetaz, M.D., M.P.H., faculty at the Department of Family Medicine and Community Medicine at Hennepin Healthcare and at the LEAH (Leadership for Education on Adolescent Health) Program at the University of Minnesota (U of M) Division of Pediatrics and diversity committee chair at the Society of Adolescent Health and Medicine





Adolescent Development Explained

- Adolescence is a time of enormous transition.
- This resource discusses changes that are normal and necessary in adolescence, different ways adolescents experience these changes, and how adults can support healthy development.
- It builds on The Teen Years Explained: A Guide to Healthy Adolescent Development, developed by the Center for Adolescent Health at the Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health.







Pre-Webinar Question: What questions do you have about adolescent emotions?

self regulation skills how to build self-esteem communication with parents and peers what causes anxiety tools to support healthy development impact of trauma when to seek helphow to help teens become confident how emotions affect decision-making correlation with brain development. fear emotional regulationwhat's age appropriate impulse control and reasoning implications for learninghow to engage teens rationally misconceptions about emotional development

how to identify emotions





SECTION 1: Healthy Emotional Development

- Marked by increasing ability to perceive, assess, and manage emotions
- Biological, physical, and cognitive changes are
 - Are associated with emotions
 - Are experience differently based on context and environment







Factors that Define Emotional Development

 Hormones and self-regulation skills influence how adolescents navigate the process.







SECTION 2: Self-esteem and Identity

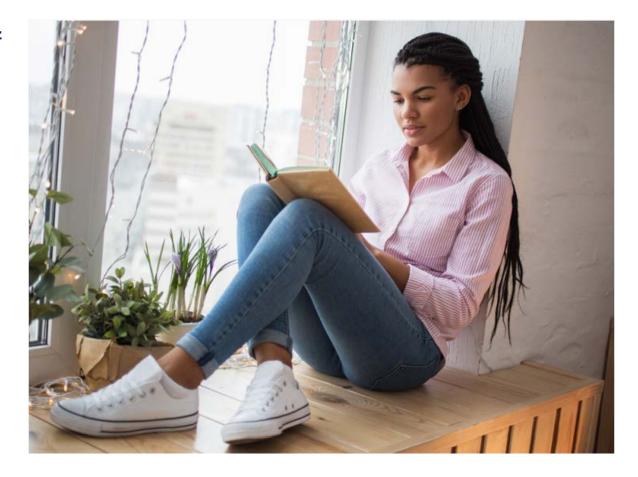
- Self-esteem can be influenced by family's approval, friendships, and personal successes.
- Self-compassion fosters resiliency and adolescents' awareness of how to treat themselves when they fail or fall short.





The Path to Finding an Identity

- Taking risks can be a positive part of growing as adolescents experiment to learn more about themselves and others.
- Identity formation is a fundamental task that requires adolescents to become aware of and explore who they are in different social-emotional aspects of their lives.
- Intersectionality highlights how multiple social identities are additive and interactive.







SECTION 3: Stress Management

 All adolescents experience stress from positive situations (e.g., getting a first job) and negative situations (e.g., grieving a family member's death).







Healthy Stress Management

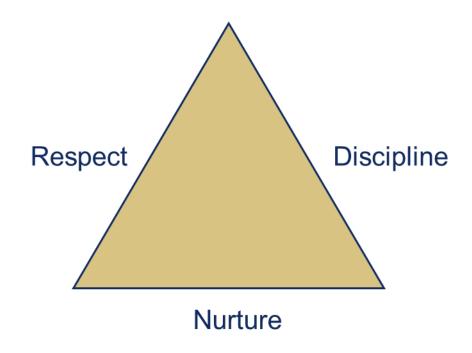
- Learning stress management skills can help adolescents navigate these situations in healthy ways.
- Some adolescents may need more support if they experience trauma.





SECTION 4: How Parents and Caring Adults Can Help

- Positive parents...
 - NURTURE by being supportive, warm, and encouraging.
 - DISCIPLINE by teaching how to behave, set and enforce limits, and monitor behavior.
 - RESPECT by encouraging teens to develop their own opinions and beliefs, model civility and allow privacy.



Adapted from Shoulder to Shoulder. http://www.shouldertoshoulderminnesota.org/files/RAISING%20TEE NS.ppt





The COACH Concept for Parents

- Create confidence
- Observe
- Advise
- Calmly let youth go play (experience life)
- Help youth debrief the experience

Source: Svetaz M.V., Garcia-Huidobro D., Allen M. Parents and family matter: Strategies for developing family-centered adolescent care within primary care practices. *Primary Care: Clinics in Office Practice*. 2014 Sep 1;41(3):489-506.







Tips for All Adults Caring for Adolescents

Support healthy emotional development:

- Strengthen communication skills
- Promote stress management skills
- Nurture self-regulation skills
- Limit exposure to risky situations
- Pay attention to warning signs
- Make your own emotional well-being a priority







Questions?

For more information about Adolescent Development Explained:

https://www.hhs.gov/ash/oah/adolescent-development/explained/index.html

Next Webinar on 9/25: Social Connections

https://register.gotowebinar.com/register/348460 6737051348491

ADOLESCENT DEVELOPMENT EXPLAINED





